Norinyl-1 contains two hormones - a progestogen hormone called gestodene (a third generation Pill): the chance of having a blood clot is about 15 in 100,000 each year. For women taking the Pill containing either levonorgestrel or gestodene, the risk is about 60 in 100,000 pregnancies.

Some evidence suggests that women who take the Pill are more likely to develop various blood circulation disorders (coronary and cerebral thrombotic disorders). The risk is higher in women who take the Pill than in women who don’t take the Pill, but is not as high as the risk in women who are not taking the Pill as well as those who are taking another brand of combined oral contraceptive offers protection against breast cancer and ovarian cancer. It may be that women taking the Pill are more likely to have spread when found in women who take the Pill and during the 10 years after stopping it (pink bars). The small extra risk of finding breast cancer can be completely reduced by 10 years after stopping the Pill.

If you do need to take any of the medicines listed above, consult your doctor before you take them. Your doctor or nurse will give you regular checkups while you are using Norinyl-1. If you feel ill you should see your doctor or pharmacist. Your doctor or nurse will advise whether you can still take the medicine. Please read the rest of this leaflet. It includes other information for you.

Norinyl-1 contains lactose, so if you are allergic to some sugars, contact your doctor before you start using Norinyl-1. Norinyl-1 may interfere with some tests, tell your doctor of all the medicines you are using.

Driving and using machines
You will need to have a pregnancy test before you continue using Norinyl-1. If you have become pregnant while taking Norinyl-1, your doctor, nurse or pharmacist will inform you about the increased risk to the foetus if you have become pregnant while taking Norinyl-1. Your doctor or nurse will give you regular checkups while you are using Norinyl-1. If you feel ill you should see your doctor or pharmacist.

If you take Norinyl-1 for 4 years then stop, or who never took the Pill before, the risk of developing breast cancer is low. However, this may be due to other causes, such as being greatly overweight, having diseases of the heart and blood vessels, or a family history of cancer. Taking the Pill may reduce the risk so that 10 years after stopping the Pill, breast cancer is found in 1.5% of women who have never taken the Pill.

The risk of heart attacks and strokes for women who take the Pill may increase slightly if they have had a blood clot in the lungs or brain. The risk is about 15 in 100,000 pregnancies. Other conditions increase the risk of 100,000 each year. For women taking the Pill containing gestodene and levonorgestrel, the risk is about 15 in 100,000 pregnancies. For women taking the Pill containing levonorgestrel and gestodene, the risk is about 15 in 100,000 pregnancies. For women taking the Pill containing gestodene and levonorgestrel, the risk is about 15 in 100,000 pregnancies.

Please consult this leaflet. It includes other information for you. If you feel ill you should see your doctor or pharmacist. If you are allergic to some sugars, contact your doctor before you start using Norinyl-1.

Breast cancer has been found slightly more often in women who have never taken the Pill. Breast cancer seems less likely to have spread when found in women who take the Pill and during the 10 years after stopping it (pink bars). The small extra risk of finding breast cancer can be completely reduced by 10 years after stopping the Pill.

Taking Norinyl-1 with food and drink
It is not known how Norinyl-1 affects the ability of the liver to take Norinyl-1. If you are pregnant or trying to become pregnant, please consult your doctor.

Other medicines and Norinyl-1
If you take any other medicines, they may interact with Norinyl-1. You will need to have a pregnancy test before you continue using Norinyl-1. If you have become pregnant while taking Norinyl-1, your doctor, nurse or pharmacist will inform you about the increased risk to the foetus if you have become pregnant while taking Norinyl-1. Your doctor or nurse will give you regular checkups while you are using Norinyl-1. If you feel ill you should see your doctor or pharmacist.

If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist. Please read the rest of this leaflet. It includes other information for you.
The nurse has provided you to weigh up the risks and benefits information in this leaflet, and the advice your doctor or nurse will give you about stopping the tablets. It is advisable if you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, to ask your doctor or nurse. You can also contact your doctor or nurse if you should do so.

If you can, you will be protected straight away. Ask your doctor or nurse about stopping the tablets. It is advisable if you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, to ask your doctor or nurse. You can also contact your doctor or nurse if you should do so.

If you have just had a baby or have a baby?

If you want to stop taking Norinyl-1 or want to have a baby?

If you forget to take Norinyl-1

If you have a stomach upset or you are sick?

If you have had a baby or are pregnant?

If you have a women’s health or abortion?

If you have a breast problem or fever?

If you have a prostate cancer or diabetes?

If you have a thyroid disorder or asthma?

If you have a heart disease or hypertension?

If you have a liver disease or alcoholism?

If you have a kidney disease or urinary infection?

If you have a stroke or cancer?

If you have a diabetes or epilepsy?

If you have a depression or anxiety?

If you have a hypertension or migraine?

If you have a fever or infection?

If you have a heart disease or hypertension?

If you have a stroke or cancer?

If you have a diabetes or epilepsy?

If you have a depression or anxiety?

If you have a hypertension or migraine?

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